

WORLD TRADE PRESS
ILLUSTRATED GUIDE TO
INCOTERMS®
2010 RULES*















Seller/	ľ
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Exporter	ı
Not Loaded	ı
HOL LOGUCU	ı

port Formalities

riage Delivery a

Ready for Loading
Alongside Ship

ed Main Carria by Air, Road

On Board Ship or Arrival Delivery
Terminal

Onward Carriage Not Unload Import
Formalities
and Duties

Buyer/ Importer

Rules for Shipment by Air, Road, Rail, Sea, or Multimodal

Rules for Simplifie						
EXW EX Works (named place of delivery)	Carriage	Loading and carriage of the goods from the "named place of delivery" are arranged by the BUYER				
	Risks	Risk transfers from SELLER to BUYER when the goods are made available to BUYER at SELLER's "named place of delivery," not loaded				
	Costs	Costs transfer from SELLER to BUYER when the goods are made available to BUYER at SELLER's "named place of delivery," not loaded				
FCA Free CArrier (named place of delivery)	Carriage	Carriage is arranged by the BUYER or by the SELLER on behalf of the BUYER				
	Risks	Risk transfers from the SELLER to the BUYER when the goods have been delivered to the CARRIER at the "named place of delivery"				
	Costs	Costs transfer from the SELLER to the BUYER when the goods have been delivered to the CARRIER at the "named place of delivery"				
CPT	Carriage			Carriage of the goods to the "named place of destination" is arranged by the SELLER		
Carriage Paid To (named place of destination)	Risks	Risk transfers fro	m the SELLER	to the BUYER when the goods have been delivered to the (first) CARRIER		
(named place of desunation)	Costs			Costs transfer from the SELLER to the BUYER at the "named place of destination"		
CIP	Carriage	Carriage of the goods and insurance to the "named place of destination" are arranged by the SELLER				
Carriage and Insurance Paid to (named place of destination)	Risks	Risk transfers fro	m the SELLER	to the BUYER when the goods have been delivered to the (first) CARRIER		
	Costs	Costs transfer from the SELLER to the BUYER at the "named place of destination"				
DAT Delivered At Terminal (named terminal at port or place of destination)	Carriage	Carriage of the goods to the "named terminal at port or place of destination," unloaded, is arranged by the SELLER				
	Risks	Risk transfers from the SELLER to the BUYER when the goods are made available to the BUYER at the "named terminal at port or place" of destination," unloaded				
	Costs	Costs transfer from the SEL	LER to the BUYE	R when the goods are made available to the BUYER at the "named terminal at port or place" of destination," unloaded		
DAP Delivered At Place (named place of destination)	Carriage	Carriage of the goods to the "named place of destination," ready for unloading, is arranged by the SELLER				
	Risks	Risk transfers from the SELLER to the BUYER when the goods are made available, ready for unloading at the "named place of destination"				
	Costs	Costs transfers from the SELLER to the BUYER when the goods are made available, ready for unloading at the "named place of destination"				
DDP Delivered Duty Paid (named place of destination)	Carriage			Carriage of the goods to the "named place of destination," ready for unloading, is arranged by the SELLER		
	Risks	Risk transfers from the SELLER to the BUYER when the goods are made available ready for unloading at the "named place of destination"				
	Costs	Costs transfer from the S	ELLER to the BU	IYER when the goods are made available ready for unloading, cleared for import, at the "named place of destination"		

Rules for Shipment by Sea and Inland Waterway Only

rules for Silipili	ent by	Sea and initially waterway only	
FAS Free Alongside Ship (named port of shipment)	Carriage	Pre-carriage of the goods is arranged by the SELLER Main carriage of the goods is arranged by the BUYER	
	Risks	Risk transfers from the SELLER to the BUYER when the goods have been placed alongside the ship at the "named port of shipment"	
	Costs	Costs transfer from the SELLER to the BUYER when the goods have been placed alongside the ship at the "named port of shipment"	
FOB	Carriage	Pre-carriage of the goods is arranged by the SELLER Main carriage of the goods is arranged by the BUYER	
Free On Board (named port of shipment)	Risks	Risk transfers from the SELLER to the BUYER when the goods are loaded on board the ship at the "named port of shipment"	
	Costs	Costs transfer from the SELLER to the BUYER when the goods are loaded on board the ship at the "named port of shipment"	
CFR Cost and FReight (named port of destination)	Carriage	Carriage of the goods to the "named port of destination" is arranged by the SELLER Onward carriage is arranged by the BUYER	
	Risks	Risk transfers from the SELLER to the BUYER when the goods are loaded on board the ship at the "named port of shipment" (not destination)	
	Costs	Costs transfer from the SELLER to the BUYER upon delivery of the goods, not unloaded, at the "named port of destination"	
CIF Cost, Insurance and Freight (named port of destination)	Carriage	Carriage of the goods and Insurance to the "named port of destination" is arranged by the SELLER Onward carriage is arranged by the BUYER	
	Risks	Risk transfers from the SELLER to the BUYER when the goods are loaded on board the ship at the "named port of shipment" (not destination)	
	Costs	Costs transfer from the SELLER to the BUYER upon delivery of the goods, not unloaded, at the "named port of destination"	

Notes on INCOTERMS® 2010 RULES (Entry into force: January 1, 2011)

- 1. Incoterms® 2010 rules are internationally accepted standard definitions of trade terms (INternational COmmercial TERMS). Incoterms® were developed by the ICC (International Chamber of Commerce), Paris, France, in 1936, and have been regularly revised to reflect changes in transportation and documentation. The current version is Incoterms® 2010 (www.iccwbo.org).
- 2. Incoterms® 2010 rules are not implied into contracts. Buyers and sellers must specify in their contract that it is subject to Incoterms® 2010.
- 3. Incoterms® 2010 rules DO a) apply to the sale of goods, b) specify each party's obligations regarding carriage, risks, and costs, and c) establish basic terms of transport and delivery.
- 4. Incoterms® 2010 rules **DO NOT** a) apply to contracts for services, b) define contractual rights other than for delivery, c) specify details of the transfer, transport, and delivery of goods, d) determine how title to goods will transfer, e) protect seller or buyer from risk of loss, f) cover the goods before or after delivery, or g) define remedies for breach of contract.
- 5. "Delivery" in Incoterms® 2010 rules is used to "indicate where the risk of loss or damage to the goods passes from the seller to the buyer."
- 6. "Pre-Carriage" indicates the movement of goods prior to the main carriage of the shipment.
- 7. "Onward Carriage" indicates the movement of goods after the main carriage of the shipment.
- 8. This guide is for easy reference only. For a comprehensive guide to Incoterms® 2010, refer to the Dictionary of International Trade, 9th Edition, also by World Trade Press.
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